

Overview of Nusantara, Investment Packages and Funding Scheme Opts

Data as of 4th August 2023 – Jakarta, Indonesia



From Jakarta to Nusantara: The Only Capital City in the World Moving to Another Island

Moving the National Capital City to Kalimantan is in line with efforts to realize more inclusive and equitable economic growth, namely by moving the center of gravity to outside the island of Java

The new National Capital is planned and built to a new higher standard of quality, adaptive, innovative, gender equal and inclusive, just, sustainable and dignified

Supporting legal basis



Law No. 3 Year 2022 about the National Capital



Tri-city economy: Future Economic Superhub of Indonesia

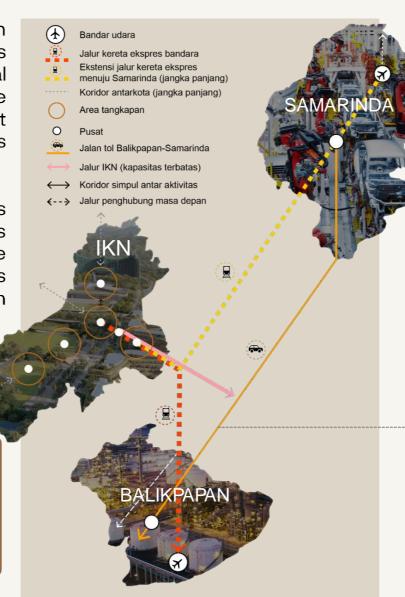
A more inclusive and equitable economic growth will be leveraged by the development of IKN as an economic Superhub, which will be an integral part of efforts to transform the economy in the Capital City of the Archipelago and East Kalimantan Province as well as Partner Regions on Kalimantan Island.

The presence of the IKN economic superhub is expected to provide benefits to Partner Regions on Kalimantan Island in the form of conducive ecosystem development and economic clusters that will become new sources of growth on Kalimantan Island.

Three Cities cooperation strategy

Upstream Agriculture and Nature Tourism Center

- Development of nature tourism and wellness tourism
- Development of upstream agricultural production connected with the downstream agri-industrial sector



Historical center of East Kalimantan with a rejuvenated energy sector

- The administrative center for East Kalimantan
- A lighthouse for sustainable coal mining
- New manufacturing base for renewable energy

Government core and green innovation center for the region

- Government and community service center
- · Innovation center and talent center
- · Clean and high-tech industry
- Base for tourism for the region

Oil and gas and logistics downstream node for East Kalimantan

- Downstream processing of oil & gas industry into petrochemicals
- The main seaport for the province and region



Nusantara's Nine Economic Generators

Government Core Area

KIPP - 6,671 hectares

Economic and Financial Center

West IKN - 17,206 hectares

Renewable Energy Area

South IKN - 6,753 hectares

Tourism and Leisure

East IKN 1 - 9,761 hectares

Education Services

North IKN - 12,067 hectares

Innovation and Research

East IKN 2 - 3,720 hectares

Agro-commodities, Trade & Logistic

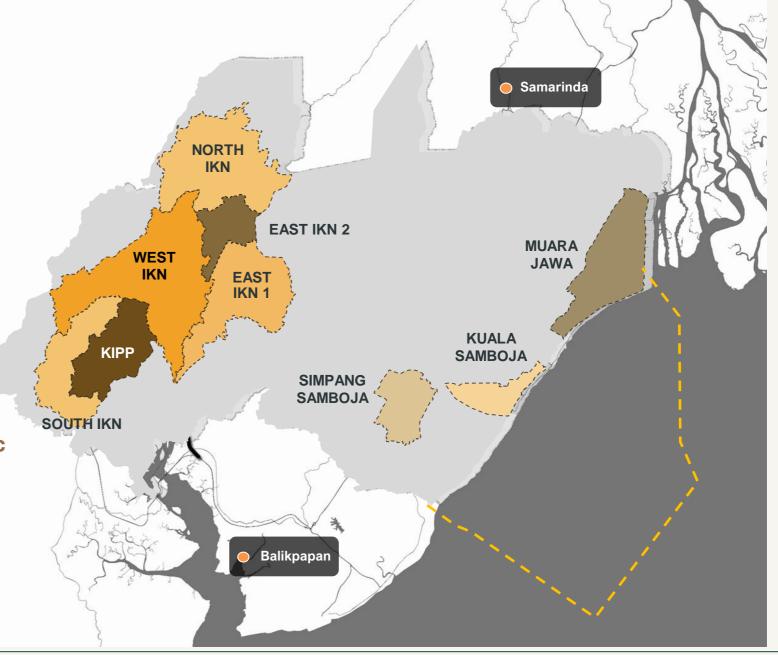
Simpang Samboja - 2,986 hectares

Agriculture Industry

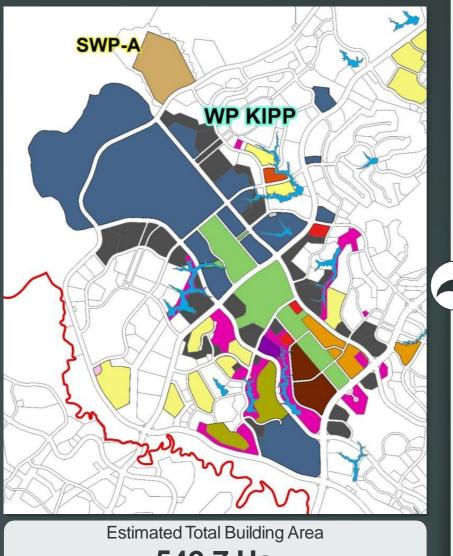
Kuala Samboja - 4,299 hectares

Fisheries and Agricultural

Muara Jawa - 9,084 hectares



Government Core Area in 2024



542,7 Ha





12 investment sectors have been identified – with 6 are the top priority for IKN development

Top priority sectors

(short-term focus)



Renewable Energy



Housing



Telecom



Water treatment



Transportation



Waste management

High priority sectors

(longer-term focus)



Township



Technology



Medical facility



Commercial infrastructure

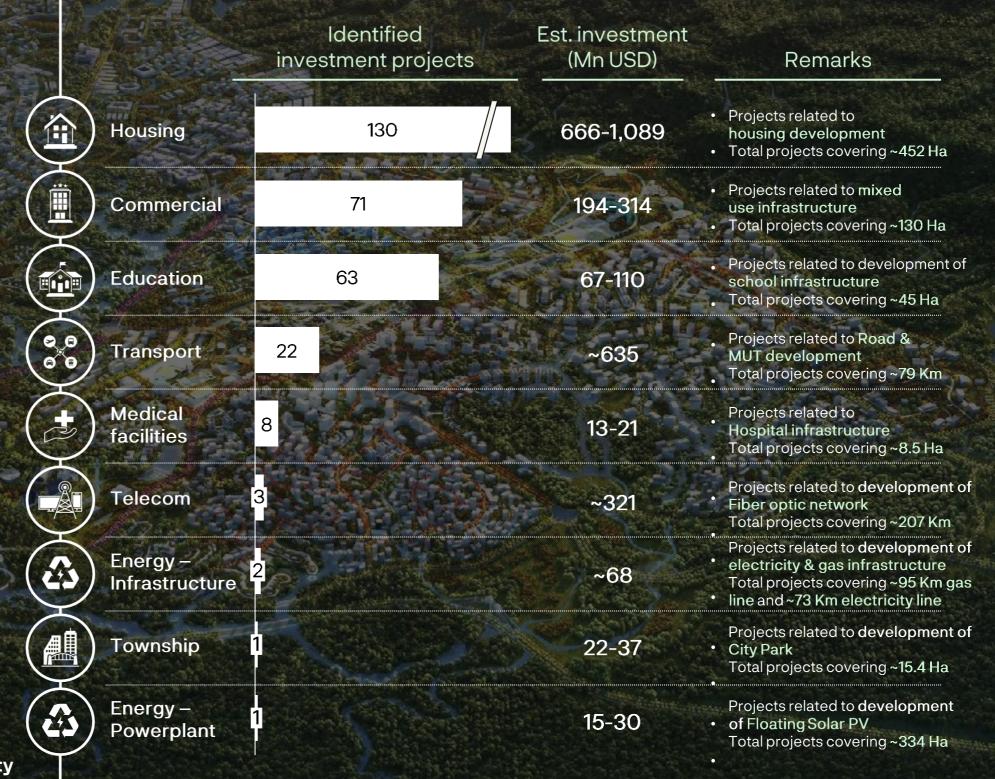


Education



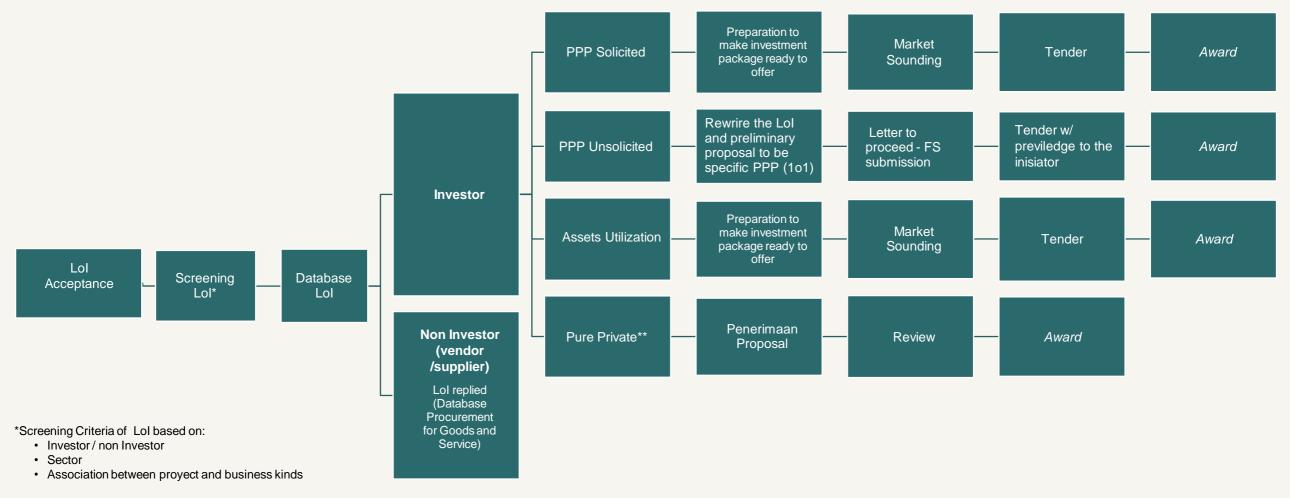
Industrial area

300 Long List
Investment
Pacakages in
Nusantara have
been Identified
based on Letter of
Intent





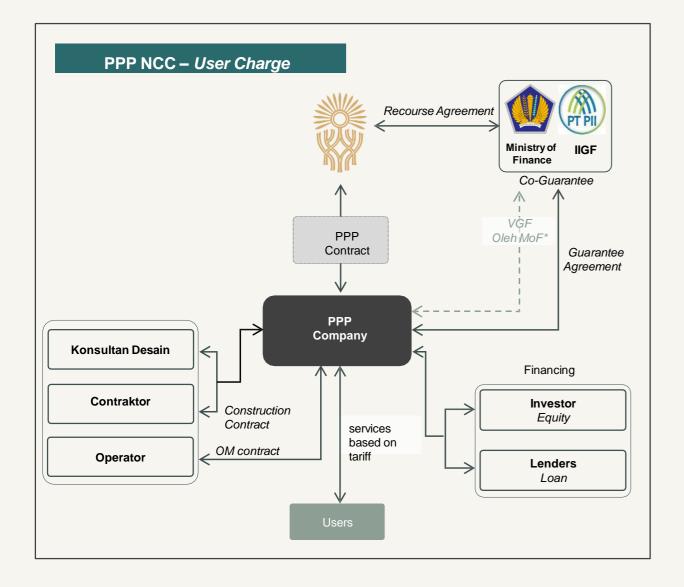
Bussiness Process from Letter of Intent to The Funding Scheme Options

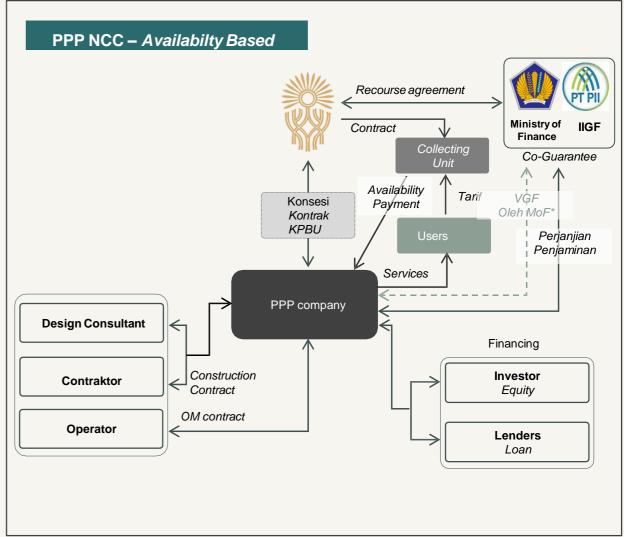


[•]Pure private only for the location outside core area of IKN



Public Private Partnership ("PPP") Nusantara Capital City





Indicative timeline for PPP Scheme



Timeline KPBU Solicited*

Kegiatan	PIC	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	lan 11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Preparation to get facility from MOF	NNCA & MOF				•			•			 ••	•-		••		. •	••		. •	
Procure FS consultang Compiling feasibility study	MOF NNCA					-														
Praqualification (RfQ)	NNCA																			
Tender (RfP)	NNCA																			
Signing PPP contract and establishing SPV	NNCA & the winning Bidder																			
Financial Close	The winning bidder																			

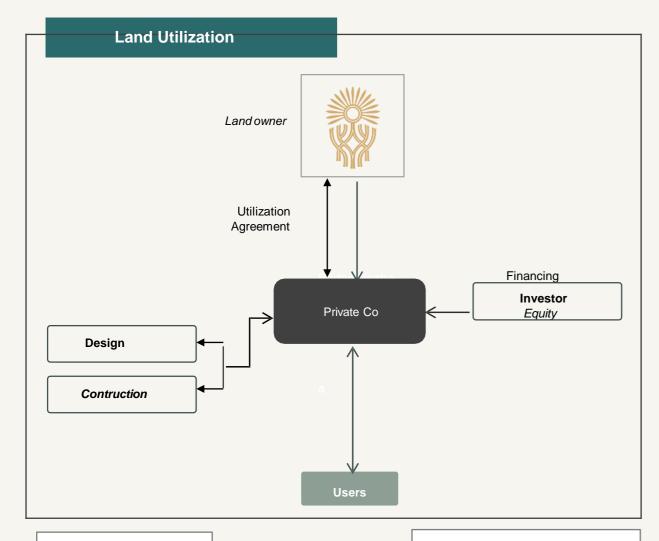
^{*}not include the planning stage

Timeline KPBU Unsolicited

Kegiatan	PIC					_		_	•			lan	12 13 14 15			4.5	4.0	4=	40	40	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Lol + response to Lol	Inisiator and NNCA																				
Preparation to get consultant from MOF	NNCA and MOF																				
Compiling feasibility study (FS)	Inisiator company																				
Reviewing the FS	NNCA & consultants																				
Tender (RfQ dan RfP)	NNCA & Bidders																				
Signing PPP contract and establishing SPV	NNCA & the winning Bidder																				
Financial Close	The winning bidder																				

Land Utilization





Land owner Right Utulization Tariff/Rent// to agreement Fixed use Contribution Financing Investor BUO - Private Co Ekuitas Design Lenders Loan Construction Construction ← Contract OM contract Operator Users

More likely as a private contibution for small infrastructure projects

Example: Roads, MUT, **District parks, Community** Sport Center, etc

For bigger infrastructure and/or commerciall projects

Land for Utilization

Example: Private Hospital, Private Schools, Shopping Centers, etc

Competitive investment incentives have been set for investment related to IKN development



Ease of doing business



Fiscal incentives



fee)

Land ownerships

0% BPHTB (Land and **Building Acquisition**

Competitive ownership expatriate worker-to /usage rights:

- ▶ HGU-Land usage rights for 95 years; Government
- HGB-Building usage rights for 80 years;
- HPL-Management rights for 80 years)



Exemption of

from business

be borne by

Indonesian

compensation fee

owner/investors to

Housing

IKN Authority to support provision of key housing requirement for investors and their employees



Tax holiday

Tax holiday for investor with investment value > IDR 10 Bn or MSME business owner

Tax article 21 to be borne by Indonesian Government for all employees domiciled in IKN



VAT& Luxury goods tax

VAT is not collected on property, EV, property rental services, construction services. and waste treatment services



Super deduction of tax

Donation-super deduction of gross income by 200% of donation expense

Vocational-super deduction of gross income by 250% of vocational expense

R&D-super deduction of gross income by 350% of R&D expense



Customs

Import duty exemption period at 4-6 years (from existing 2-4 years)

